SAFETY DATA SHEET according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE 10 - 15 %

Version 1.0 Print Date 2020/09/03

Revision date / valid from 2020/09/03

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Trade name : SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE 10 - 15 %

Substance name : sodium hypochlorite, solution

CAS-No. : 7681-52-9 EC-No. : 231-668-3

EU REACH-Reg. No. : 01-2119488154-34-xxxx

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the : Identified use: See table in front of appendix for a complete

Substance/Mixture overview of identified uses.

Uses advised against : At this moment we have not identified any uses advised

against

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : SCP UNITED KINGDOM

1 Church Heath, Crawley West

Sussex, RH11 0PQ UNITED KINGDOM

Telephone : +44 1293 546126

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone : Emergency only telephone number (open 24 hours):

number +44 (0) 1865 407333 (N.C.E.C. Culham)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008			
Hazard class Hazard category Target Organs Hazard statements			
Corrosive to metals	Category 1		H290
Skin corrosion	Category 1B		H314

Serious eye damage	Category 1	 H318
Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard	Category 1	 H400
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard	Category 2	 H411

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

Most important adverse effects

Human Health : See section 11 for toxicological information.

Physical and chemical

hazards

See section 9/10 for physicochemical information.

Potential environmental

effects

See section 12 for environmental information.

2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Hazard symbols





Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H290 May be corrosive to metals.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting

effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P260 Do not breathe gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/

eye protection/ face protection.

Response : P301 + P330 + P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do

NOT induce vomiting.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water or shower.

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air

and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing.

P308 + P310 IF exposed or concerned: Immediately call

a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P313 Get medical advice/ attention.

Disposal : P501 Dispose of contents/ container in

accordance with the

local/regional/international regulations.

Additional Labelling:

EUH031 Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

• sodium hypochlorite, solution

2.3. Other hazards

For Results of PBT and vPvB assessment see section 12.5.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Chemical nature : Aqueous solution

			5.5.5.5	ification EC) No 1272/2008)
Haza	rdous components	Amount [%]	Hazard class / Hazard category	Hazard statements
sodium hypo	chlorite, solution			
Index-No. CAS-No. EC-No. EU REACH- Reg. No.		>= 10 - <= 15	Met. Corr.1 Skin Corr.1B Eye Dam.1 STOT SE3 Aquatic Acute1 Aquatic Chronic1	H290 H314 H318 H335 H400 H410
sodium hydro	oxide			
Index-No. CAS-No. EC-No. EU REACH- Reg. No.	: 011-002-00-6 : 1310-73-2 : 215-185-5 : 01-2119457892-27-xxxx	<1	Met. Corr.1 Skin Corr.1A Eye Dam.1	H290 H314 H318

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General advice : Take off all contaminated clothing immediately.

If inhaled : In case of accident by inhalation: remove casualty to fresh air

and keep at rest. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer

artificial respiration. Call a physician immediately.

In case of skin contact : Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15

minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Call a

physician immediately.

In case of eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids,

for at least 15 minutes. Consult an eye specialist immediately.

Go to an ophthalmic hospital if possible.

If swallowed : Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If swallowed, do not induce vomiting - seek medical advice. If a person vomits when lying on his back, place him in the

recovery position.

Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician

immediately.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms : See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects

and symptoms. If ingested, severe burns of the mouth and throat, as well as a danger of perforation of the oesophagus

and the stomach.

Effects : See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects

and symptoms. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. The product

itself does not burn.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: High volume water jet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during

firefighting

Hazardous combustion

products

Heating or fire can release toxic gas.

Chlorine, Hydrogen chloride gas, chlorine oxides

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective

equipment for firefighters

: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing

apparatus. Wear appropriate body protection (full protective

suit)

Further advice Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water

> spray. Heating will cause a pressure rise - with risk of bursting. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Use personal protective equipment. Wear respiratory

> protection. Keep away unprotected persons. Provide adequate ventilation. Danger of slipping if spilled Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not breathe vapour.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions

: Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Avoid subsoil penetration. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities. If material reaches soil inform authorities responsible for such cases.

6.3. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

containment and cleaning

Methods and materials for : Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Do not keep the container sealed.

Further information : Treat recovered material as described in the section "Disposal

considerations".

Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

: Do not keep the container sealed. Handle and open container Advice on safe handling

with care. Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with the skin and the eyes. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Use respirator with appropriate filter if vapours or aerosol are released. Emergency eye wash fountains and emergency showers should be available in the

immediate vicinity.

: Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. Smoking, Hygiene measures

> eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday. Take off

all contaminated clothing immediately.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

areas and containers

Requirements for storage : Keep in an area equipped with alkali resistant flooring. Keep only in the original container. Store in a receptacle equipped

with a vent.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion : The product is not flammable. Normal measures for preventive

fire protection.

Further information on storage conditions

: Keep in a well-ventilated place. Protect against light. Store in

cool place.

Advice on common

storage

: Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. Do not

store together with acids and ammonium salts.

Suitable packaging

materials

: Polyethylene, Polyvinylchloride

Unsuitable packaging

materials

: , Iron, Copper, Aluminium, Stainless steel

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : No information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

CAS-No. 7681-52-9 **Component:** sodium hypochlorite, solution

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)/Derived Minimal Effect Level (DMEL)

DNEL

Workers, Acute - systemic effects, Acute - local effects, : 3.1 mg/m3

Inhalation

DNEL

Workers, Long-term - systemic effects, Long-term - local : 1.55 mg/m3

effects, Inhalation

DNEL

Workers, Long-term - local effects, Skin contact : 0.5 %

DNEL

Consumers, Long-term - systemic effects, Long-term - local : 1.55 mg/m3

effects, Inhalation

DNEL

Consumers, short-term, Inhalation : 3.1 mg/m3

DNEL

Consumers, Long-term - systemic effects, Ingestion : 0.26 mg/kg bw/day

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

Fresh water : $0.21 \mu g/I$

Marine water : $0.042 \mu g/l$

Sewage treatment plant (STP) : 0.03 mg/l

Intermittent releases : 0.26 µg/l

Soil :

Exposition is not expected.

Marine sediment

Exposition is not expected.

Fresh water sediment :

Exposition is not expected.

Component: sodium hydroxide CAS-No. 1310-73-2

Other Occupational Exposure Limit Values

UK. EH40 Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs), as amended, Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):

2 mg/m3

ELV (IE), Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):

2 mg/m3, (15 minutes)

Component:	chlorine	CAS-No. 7782-50-5

Other Occupational Exposure Limit Values

UK. EH40 Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs), as amended, Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):

0.5 ppm, 1.5 mg/m3

EU. Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values in Directives 91/322/EEC, 2000/39/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU, as amended, Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL): 0.5 ppm, 1.5 mg/m3 Indicative

ELV (IE), Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL): 0.5 ppm, 1.5 mg/m3, (15 minutes) Indicative OELV

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

Advice : Use respirator with appropriate filter if vapours or aerosol are

released.

Respiratory protection complying with EN 141.

Recommended Filter type: Combination filter:B-P2 Combination filter:B-P3

In case of intensive or longer exposure use self-contained

breathing apparatus.

Hand protection

Advice : Protective gloves complying with EN 374.

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the

product / the substance / the preparation.

Take note of the information given by the producer concerning permeability and break through times, and of special workplace

conditions (mechanical strain, duration of contact).

Protective gloves should be replaced at first signs of wear.

Material : butyl-rubber

Break through time : 8 h Glove thickness : 0.5 mm

Material : Polyvinylchloride

Break through time : 8 h Glove thickness : 0.5 mm

Material : polychloroprene

Break through time : 8 h Glove thickness : 0.5 mm

Eye protection

Advice : Tightly fitting safety goggles

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the

workstation location.

Skin and body protection

Advice : Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration

and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-

place.

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing and boots.

alkali resistant protective clothing

Environmental exposure controls

General advice : Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

Avoid subsoil penetration.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

If material reaches soil inform authorities responsible for such

cases.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form : liquid

Colour : yellow

to green

Odour : of

Chlorine

Odour Threshold : no data available

pH : > 11

Melting point/range : ca. -30 - -20 °C 13 - 16% solution

Boiling point/boiling range : ca. 100 °C (1013 hPa) 13 - 16% solution

Flash point : Not applicable

Evaporation rate : no data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable

Upper explosion limit : Not applicable

Lower explosion limit : Not applicable

Vapour pressure : ca. 20 hPa (20 °C) 13 - 16% solution

Relative vapour density : no data available

Density : 1.11 g/cm3 (20 °C) 10% solution

1.317 g/cm3 (20 °C) 15% solution 1.24 g/cm3 (20 °C) 20% solution

Water solubility : completely miscible

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Kow -3.42 (20 °C)

Auto-ignition temperature : no data available

Thermal decomposition : > 111 °C

Viscosity, dynamic : 3 - 4 mPa.s (20 °C) 13 - 16% solution

Explosivity : Product is not explosive.

Oxidizing properties : Oxidizing agents

9.2. Other information

Corrosion to metals : Corrosive to metals

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Advice : Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.

10.2. Chemical stability

Advice : Decomposes on heating.

Decomposes on exposure to light.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : May develop chlorine if mixed with acidic solutions.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of

ignition.Keep away from direct sunlight.

Thermal decomposition : > 111 °C

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Acids, ammonium compounds, Acetic anhydride, Organic

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materials, Hydrogen peroxide, metal salts, Copper, Nickel, Iron

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition : Hydrogen chloride gas, Chlorine, chlorine oxides

products

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

	Acute toxicity
	Oral
	Please find this information in the listing of the component/components below in this section.
	Inhalation
	Not classified based on the calculation method according to CLP regulation.
	Dermal
	Not classified based on the calculation method according to CLP regulation.
	Irritation
	Skin
Result	: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
	Eyes
Result	: Causes eye burns.
	Sensitisation
Result	: Not classified based on the calculation method according to CLP regulation.
	CMR effects
	CMR Properties
Carcinogenicity	 Not classified based on the calculation method according to CLP regulation.
Mutagenicity	: Not classified based on the calculation method according to CLP
Teratogenicity	regulation. : Not classified based on the calculation method according to CLP
Reproductive toxicity	regulation.Not classified based on the calculation method according to CLP regulation.

	Single exposure
Remarks	 Not classified based on the calculation method according to CLF regulation.
	Repeated exposure
Remarks	 Not classified based on the calculation method according to CLI regulation.
	Other toxic properties
	Repeated dose toxicity
	no data available
	Aspiration hazard
	Not applicable,
omponent:	sodium hypochlorite, solution CAS-No. 7681-5
	Acute toxicity
	Oral
LD50	: > 1100 mg/kg (Rat; Test substance: Chlorine) (OECD Test Guideline 401)
	Inhalation
LC50	: > 10.5 mg/l (Rat; 1 h; Test substance: Chlorine) (OECD Test Guideline 403)
	Dermal
LD50	: > 20000 mg/kg (Rabbit; Test substance: Chlorine) (OECD Test Guideline 402)
	Irritation
	Skin
Result	: Severe skin irritation (Rabbit) (OECD Test Guideline 404) corrosive effects (human)
	Eyes
Dooult	: Causes serious eye damage. (Rabbit) (OECD - Guideline 405)
Result	

Sensitisation

Result : not sensitizing (Buehler Test; Guinea pig) (OECD Test Guideline

406)

CMR effects

CMR Properties

Carcinogenicity : Animal testing did not show any carcinogenic effects.

Mutagenicity : In vitro tests did not show mutagenic effects

In vivo tests did not show mutagenic effects

Teratogenicity : Did not show teratogenic effects in animal experiments. Reproductive toxicity : Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility.

Genotoxicity in vitro

Result : negative (Ames test; Salmonella typhimurium) (OECD Test

Guideline 471)

ambiguous (Chromosome aberration test in vitro; Chinese hamster

fibroblasts) (OECD Test Guideline 473)

Genotoxicity in vivo

Result : negative (Chromosome aberration test in vivo; Mouse) (OECD

Test Guideline 474)

negative (Chromosome aberration test in vivo; Mouse) (OECD

Test Guideline 475)

ambiguous (Effects on sperm morphology and melotic micronuclei;

Mouse)

Teratogenicity

NOAEL

: 5.7 mg/kg

Teratog.

(Rat)Test substance

Chlorine

Reproductive toxicity

NOAEL

5 mg/kg

Parent

(Rat)(Oral)Effects on fertilityTest substance

Chlorine

Specific Target Organ Toxicity

Single exposure

Inhalation : Target Organs: Respiratory systemMay cause respiratory

irritation. Experience with human exposure

Repeated exposure

Remarks : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ

toxicant, repeated exposure.

Other toxic properties

Repeated dose toxicity

NOAEL : 50 mg/kg

(Rat)(Oral; 90 Days) (OECD Test Guideline 408)

Aspiration hazard

No aspiration toxicity classification,

Further information

Other relevant toxicity:

information

If ingested, severe burns of the mouth and throat, as well as a danger of perforation of the oesophagus and the stomach.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Data for the product

Chronic toxicity

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard

Result : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Component: sodium hypochlorite, solution CAS-No. 7681-52-9 Acute toxicity

Fish

LC50 : 0.06 mg/l (Salmo gairdneri; 96 h)

NOEC 0.04 mg/l (Menidia peninsulae (tidewater silverside); 96 h)

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

EC50 : 0.141 mg/l (Daphnia magna (Water flea); 48 h)

algae

NOEC : 0.0021 mg/l (algae; 7 Days) Fresh water

Bacteria

EC50 : > 3 mg/l (activated sludge; 3 h)

Chronic toxicity

Fish

NOEC : 0.04 mg/l (Menidia peninsulae (tidewater silverside); 28 d)

Aquatic invertebrates

NOEC 0.007 mg/l (Eastern oyster (Crassostrea virginica); 15 d) Marine

water

M-Factor

M-Factor (Acute Aquat. Tox.) M-Factor (Chron

: 10

M-Factor (Chron. : 1 Aquat. Tox.)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Component:	sodium hypochlorite, solution	CAS-No. 7681-52-9	
	Persistence and degradability		
	Persistence		
Result : The product can be degraded by abiotic (e.g. chemica photolytic) processes. decomposition by hydrolysis. Half-life in fresh-water < 1 day		ic (e.g. chemical or	
	Biodegradability		

Result : The methods for determining the biological degradability are not

applicable to inorganic substances.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Component:	sodium hypochlorite, solution	CAS-No. 7681-52-9
	Bioaccumulation	

Result : log Kow -3.42 (20 °C)

: Does not bioaccumulate.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Component:	sodium hypochlorite, solution	CAS-No. 7681-52-9
Mobility		

Water : The product is mobile in water environment.

Soil : Highly mobile in soils

Air : not volatile (Henry's Constant)

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data for the product Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Result : This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be

either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or

higher.

Component: sodium hypochlorite, solution CAS-No. 7681-52-9

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Result : The PBT or vPvB criteria of Annex XIII to the REACH Regulation

does not apply to inorganic substances.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Component:	sodium hypochlorite, solution	CAS-No. 7681-52-9
	Additional ecological information	
Result	 Do not flush into surface water or sanita Avoid subsoil penetration. 	ry sewer system.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

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13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product : Disposal together with normal waste is not allowed. Special

disposal required according to local regulations. Do not let product enter drains. Contact waste disposal services.

Contaminated packaging : Dispose of contaminated packaging in the same way as the

product. In accordance with local and national regulations. Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous.

European Waste Catalogue Number

No waste code according to the European Waste Catalogue can be assigned for this product, as the intended use dictates the assignment. The waste code is established in consultation

with the regional waste disposer.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Fehler: Keine referenzierten/vererbten Stoffe!

14.1. UN number

1791

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR : HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION RID : HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION IMDG : HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR-Class : 8

(Labels; Classification Code; Hazard 8; C9; 80; (E)

Identification Number; Tunnel restriction

code)

RID-Class : 8

(Labels; Classification Code; Hazard 8; C9; 80

Identification Number)

IMDG-Class : 8

(Labels; EmS) 8; F-A, S-B

14.4. Packaging group

ADR : II RID : II IMDG : II

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous according to ADR : yes Environmentally hazardous according to RID : yes Marine Pollutant according to IMDG-Code : yes

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

IMDG : Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Data for the product

EU. REACH, Annex XVII, : Marketing and Use Restrictions (Regulation 1907/2006/EC)

Point Nos.: , 3; Listed

EU. Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO

III) Annex I

Lower-tier requirements: 100 tonnes; Part 1: Categories of dangerous substances; E1: Hazardous to the Aquatic

Environment in Category Acute 1 or Chronic 1

Upper-tier requirements: 200 tonnes; Part 1: Categories of dangerous substances; E1: Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment in Category Acute 1 or Chronic 1

Lower-tier requirements: 200 tonnes; Part 1: Categories of dangerous substances; E2: Hazardous to the Aquatic

Environment in Category Chronic 2

Upper-tier requirements: 500 tonnes; Part 1: Categories of dangerous substances; E2: Hazardous to the Aquatic

Environment in Category Chronic 2

Component: sodium hypochlorite, solution CAS-No. 7681-52-9

EU. Regulation EU No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

; The substance/mixture does not fall under this legislation.

EU. REACH, Annex XVII, : Marketing and Use Restrictions (Regulation

1907/2006/EC)

Point Nos.: , 3; Listed

EU. Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III) Annex I

Lower-tier requirements: 100 tonnes; Part 1: Categories of dangerous substances; E1: Hazardous to the Aquatic

Environment in Category Acute 1 or Chronic 1

Upper-tier requirements: 200 tonnes; Part 1: Categories of dangerous substances; E1: Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment in Category Acute 1 or Chronic 1

Notification status

sodium hypochlorite, solution:

Regulatory List Notification Notification number

INSQ YES
PHARM (JP) YES
PICCS (PH) YES
TSCA YES

Component: sodium hydroxide CAS-No. 1310-73-2

Notification status sodium hydroxide:

Regulatory List	Notification	Notification number
AICS	YES	
DSL	YES	
EINECS	YES	215-185-5
ENCS (JP)	YES	(1)-410
IECSC	YES	. ,
ISHL (JP)	YES	(1)-410
KECI (KŔ)	YES	97-1-136
KECI (KR)	YES	KE-31487
NZIOC	YES	HSR001547

PICCS (PH) YES TSCA YES

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

no data available

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

H290	May be corrosive to metals.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Abbreviations and Acronyms

BCF	bioconcentration factor
BOD	biochemical oxygen demand

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service

CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging

CMR carcinogenic, mutagenic or toxic to reproduction

COD chemical oxygen demand

DNEL derived no-effect level

EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances

GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals

LC50 median lethal concentration

LOAEC lowest observed adverse effect concentration

LOAEL lowest observed adverse effect level

LOEL lowest observed effect level

NLP no-longer polymer

NOAEC no observed adverse effect concentration

NOAEL no observed adverse effect level no observed effect concentration

NOEL no observed effect level

OECD Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development

OEL occupational exposure limit

PBT persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic

REACH Auth. No.: REACH Authorisation Number

REACH AuthAppC. No. REACH Authorisation Application Consultation Number

PNEC predicted no-effect concentration
STOT specific target organ toxicity
SVHC substance of very high concern

UVCB substance of unknown or variable composition, complex reaction

products or biological materials

vPvB very persistent and very bioaccumulative

Further information

Key literature references : and sources for data

Supplier information and data from the "Database of registered substances" of the European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) were

used to create this safety data sheet.

Methods used for product classification

The classification for human health, physical and chemical hazards and environmental hazards were derived from a combination of calculation methods and if available test data.

Hints for trainings : The workers have to be trained regularly on the safe handling of the products based on the information provided in the Safety

of the products based on the information provided in the Safety Data Sheet and the local conditions of the workplace. National regulations for the training of workers in the handling of

hazardous materials must be adhered to.

Other information : The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is

correct to our knowledge at the date of its revision. The

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE 10 - 15 % information given only describes the products with regard to safety arrangements and is not to be considered as a warranty or quality specification and does not constitute a legal relationship. The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other material or in any process, unless specified in the text. || Indicates updated section. 70000001684 / Version 1.0 21/52 ΕN

No.	Short title	Main User Group (SU)	Sector of Use (SU)	Product Category (PC)	Process Category (PROC)	Environm ental Release Category (ERC)	Article Category (AC)	Specified
1	Manufacture of substance	3	8	NA	1, 2, 3, 4, 8a, 8b, 9	1	NA	ES447
2	Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures	3	10	NA	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8a, 8b, 9, 14, 15	2	NA	ES9179
3	Use in cleaning agents	3	4	35	5, 7, 8a, 9, 10, 13	6b	NA	ES9191
4	Use in cleaning agents	22	NA	35	5, 9, 10, 11, 13, 15	8a, 8b, 8d, 8e	NA	ES538
5	Use in sewage water treatment	3	23	20, 37	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8a, 8b, 9	6b	NA	ES9187
6	Use in paper industry	3	6b	26	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8a, 8b, 9	6b	NA	ES9189
7	Use as an intermediate	3	8, 9	19	1, 2, 3, 4, 8a, 8b, 9	6a	NA	ES9182
8	Use in textile industry	3	5	34	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8a, 8b, 9, 13	6b	NA	ES9185
9	Industrial use	3	4, 5, 6a, 6b, 8, 9, 10, 11	NA	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8a, 8b, 9, 13, 14	6a, 6b, 6d	NA	ES523
10	Consumer use	21	NA	34, 35, 37	NA	8a, 8b, 8d, 8e	NA	ES653

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 1: Manufacture of substance				
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites			
Sectors of end-use	SU8: Manufacture of bulk, large scale chemicals (including petroleum products)			
Process categories	PROC1: Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Manufacture or formulation in the chemical industry in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment condition PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)			
Environmental Release Categories	ERC1: Manufacture of substances			

2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC1

Substance is a unique structure, Non-hydrophobic.

, Low potential to bioaccumulate.

Product characteristics

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Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.		
Amount used	Amounts used in the EU (tonnes/year)	999.999 ton(s)/year		
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year		
	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18,000 m3/d		
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River)	10		
Initidenced by fisk management	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100		
Technical conditions and	Air	Substance release to air can be excluded		
measures at process level to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil	Water	Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater., Do not release wastewater directly into environment., Onsite wastewater treatment required, No discharge of substance into waste water		
Organizational measures to	Soil	Substance release to soil can be excluded		
prevent/limit release from the site				
Conditions and measures related	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant		
to sewage treatment plant	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2,000 m3/d		
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	Waste treatment	External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.		
2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9				

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Covers percentage substance in the product up to

EN

Concentration of the

	Substance in Mixture/Article	25 %.	
	Physical Form (at time of use)	Liquid, moderate fugacity	
	Vapour pressure	25 hPa	
	Process Temperature	90 °C	
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	8 h	
	Frequency of use	5 days/week	
	Body weight	70 kg	
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Respiration volume under conditions of use	10 m3/day	
	Light activity		
Other operational conditions	Indoor or outdoor use		
affecting workers exposure	Assumes activities are at ambient temperature.		
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour). Drain down system prior to equipment opening or maintenance.		
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	Ensure that no inhalable aerosols are generated		
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. In case of odour, gas alarm or insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory protection In the case of hazardous fumes, wear self contained breathing apparatus.		

Risk management measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

Workers

PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, Relevant for all PROCs: EU RAR

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
Relevant for all PROCs		Worker - inhalative, long-term - local and systemic.	0.705mg/m³	0.4548
PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4	General exposures	worker - inhalation, short- term - local and systemic	0.540mg/m³	0.1742
PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4	Laboratory activities	worker - inhalation, short- term - local and systemic	0.252mg/m³	0.081
PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4	Equipment maintenance	worker - inhalation, short- term - local and systemic	0.480mg/m³	0.155
PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9		worker - inhalation, short- term - local and systemic	0.498mg/m³	0.161

Qualitative assessment dermal. Contact is only accidental. The exposure estimate represents the 90th percentile of the exposure distribution.

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE 10 - 15	5 %	
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk Exposure values based on the EU Risk Assessment	s which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling n management measures. t Report on chlorine (2007)	may
Additional good practice advice beyond the REAC	H Chemical Safety Assessment	
Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygic Ensure that gas alarms are installed Change gloves, if duration of activity exceeds breakth		
Change groves, in duration of activity exceeds breaking	rough une	
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1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 2: Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures				
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites			
Sectors of end-use	SU 10: Formulation [mixing] of preparations and/ or re-packaging (excluding alloys)			
Process categories	PROC1: Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Manufacture or formulation in the chemical industry in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment condition PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/ or significant contact) PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC14: Production of preparations or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelletisation PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent			
Environmental Release Categories	ERC2: Formulation of preparations			

2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC2

Substance is a unique structure, Non-hydrophobic. , Low potential to bioaccumulate.

Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.
Amount used	Amounts used in the EU (tonnes/year)	999.999 ton(s)/year
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year
	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18,000 m3/d
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River)	10
Influenced by fisk management	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100
Technical conditions and	Air	Substance release to air can be excluded
measures at process level to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil	Water	Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater., Do not release wastewater directly into environment., Onsite wastewater treatment required, No discharge of substance into waste water
Organizational measures to	Soil	Substance release to soil can be excluded
prevent/limit release from the site		
Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant
	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2,000 m3/d
Conditions and measures related	Waste treatment	External treatment and disposal of waste should
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to external treatment of waste for	comply with applicable local and/or national
disposal	regulations.

2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC14, PROC15

PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC14, PROC15				
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.		
	Physical Form (at time of use)	Liquid, moderate fugacity		
	Vapour pressure	25 hPa		
	Process Temperature	90 °C		
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	8 h		
	Frequency of use	5 days/week		
	Body weight	70 kg		
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Respiration volume under conditions of use	10 m3/day		
	Light activity			
Other operational conditions	Indoor or outdoor use			
affecting workers exposure	Assumes activities are at a	mbient temperature.		
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour). Drain down system prior to equipment opening or maintenance. Ensure samples are obtained under containment or extract ventilation.			
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	Ensure that no inhalable aerosols are generated Regular inspection and maintenance of equipment and machines. Ensure that the task is not carried out overhead. Ensure containment of the emission source			
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. In case of odour, gas alarm or insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory protection In the case of hazardous fumes, wear self contained breathing apparatus.			

Risk management measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

Workers

PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC14, PROC15: EU RAR

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC15		Worker - inhalative, long- term - local and systemic.	0.705mg/m³	0.4548
PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5		worker - inhalation, short- term - local and systemic	0.540mg/m³	0.1742

PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5	worker - inhalation, short- term - local and systemic	0.252mg/m³	0.081
PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5	worker - inhalation, short- term - local and systemic	0.480mg/m³	0.155
PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9	 worker - inhalation, short- term - local and systemic	0.498mg/m³	0.161
PROC14	 Worker - inhalative, long- term	0.23mg/m³	0.15

Qualitative assessment dermal. Contact is only accidental. The exposure estimate represents the 90th percentile of the exposure distribution.

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Exposure values based on the EU Risk Assessment Report on chlorine (2007)

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented. Ensure that gas alarms are installed

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 3: Use in cleaning agents			
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites		
Sectors of end-use	SU4: Manufacture of food products		
Chemical product category	PC35: Washing and cleaning products		
Process categories	PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/ or significant contact) PROC7: Industrial spraying PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC10: Roller application or brushing PROC13: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring		
Environmental Release Categories	ERC6b: Industrial use of reactive processing aids		
Activity	Note: this Exposure Scenario is only relevant for an appropriated use according to the quality grade of the substance delivered		

2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC6b

Substance in

Substance is a unique structure, Non-hydrophobic.

, Low potential to bioaccumulate.

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Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.
Amount used	Amounts used in the EU (tonnes/year)	999.999 ton(s)/year
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year
	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18,000 m3/d
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River)	10
militarioed by fisk management	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100
Technical conditions and	Air	Substance release to air can be excluded
measures at process level to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Organizational measures to	Water	Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater., Do not release wastewater directly into environment., Onsite wastewater treatment required, No discharge of substance into waste water
	Soil	Substance release to soil can be excluded
prevent/limit release from the site		
Conditions and measures related	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant
to sewage treatment plant	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2,000 m3/d
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	Waste treatment	External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.
2.2 Contributing scenario co PROC10, PROC13	ntrolling worker exposu	ire for: PROC5, PROC7, PROC8a, PROC9,
Product characteristics	Concentration of the	Covers percentage substance in the product up to

25 %.

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	Mixture/Article		
	Physical Form (at time of use)	Liquid, moderate fugacity	
	Vapour pressure	25 hPa	
	Process Temperature	90 °C	
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	8 h	
	Frequency of use	5 days/week	
	Body weight	70 kg	
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Respiration volume under conditions of use	10 m3/day	
	Light activity		
Other energianal conditions	Indoor use		
Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure	Assumes activities are at ambient temperature., Outdoor location is covered by the worst case inside location		
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour). Drain down system prior to equipment opening or maintenance.		
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	Ensure that no inhalable aerosols are generated		
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. In case of odour, gas alarm or insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory protection In the case of hazardous fumes, wear self contained breathing apparatus.		

Risk management measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

Workers

PROC5, PROC7, PROC8a, PROC9, PROC10, PROC13: Advanced REACH Tool (ART model)

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC5, PROC8a		Worker - inhalative, long- term - local	1.25mg/m³	0.81
PROC7		Worker - inhalative, long- term - local	1.20mg/m³	0.77
PROC9		Worker - inhalative, long- term - local	0.91mg/m³	0.59
PROC10		Worker - inhalative, long- term - local	1.00mg/m³	0.65
PROC13		Worker - inhalative, long- term - local	0.70mg/m³	0.45

The short-term exposure is covered by the assessment of long-term exposure. Qualitative assessment dermal. Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

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SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE 10 - 15 %	
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; the be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.	us, scaling may
Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment	
Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented. Ensure that gas alarms are installed Change gloves, if duration of activity exceeds breakthrough time	
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1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 4: Use in cleaning agents			
Main User Groups	SU 22: Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)		
Chemical product category	PC35: Washing and cleaning products		
Process categories	PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/ or significant contact) PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC10: Roller application or brushing PROC11: Non industrial spraying PROC13: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent		
Environmental Release Categories	ERC8a: Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems ERC8b: Wide dispersive indoor use of reactive substances in open systems ERC8d: Wide dispersive outdoor use of processing aids in open systems ERC8e: Wide dispersive outdoor use of reactive substances in open systems		

2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC8a, ERC8b, ERC8d, ERC8e

Substance is a unique structure, Non-hydrophobic.

, Low potential to bioaccumulate.

Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product : 0% - 10%
Amount used	Amounts used in the EU (tonnes/year)	999999 ton(s)/year
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year
	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18,000 m3/d
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River)	10
Initiation by hisk management	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100
Technical conditions and	Air	Substance release to air can be excluded
measures at process level to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and	Water	Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater., Do not release wastewater directly into environment., Do not let product enter drains., Onsite wastewater treatment required
releases to soil	Soil	Substance release to soil can be excluded
Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site		
Conditions and measures related	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant
to sewage treatment plant	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2,000 m3/d
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	Waste treatment	External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.
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2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC5, PROC9, PROC10, PROC13, PROC15

Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product : 0% - 10%
	Physical Form (at time of	Liquid, moderate fugacity
	,	, ,

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE 10	- 15 '	%
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	use)	
	Vapour pressure	25 hPa
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	8 h
	Frequency of use	5 days/week
Other operational conditions	Indoor or outdoor use	
affecting workers exposure	Assumes activities are at ambient temperature.	
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Provide a good standard of general ventilation. Natural ventilation is from doors, windows etc. Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered fan.	
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	Ensure that no inhalable aerosols are generated Regular inspection and maintenance of equipment and machines. Ensure that the task is not carried out overhead. The work place and work methods shall be organized in such a way that direct contact with the product is prevented or minimized.	
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eve protection/ face protection	

Risk management measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

2.3 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC11

2.0 Continuating Sociatio Co	2.0 Contributing Sociation Controlling Worker exposure for 1 1 10011				
	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 0% - 0.05%			
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	Liquid, moderate fugacity			
	Vapour pressure	25 hPa			
	Process Temperature	90 °C			
Amount used		0.005 kg			
Fraguency and duration of use	Exposure duration	120 min			
Frequency and duration of use	Frequency of use	4 Times per day			
Other operational conditions	Indoor or outdoor use				
affecting workers exposure	Assumes activities are at ambient temperature.				
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Provide a good standard of general ventilation. Natural ventilation is from doors, windows etc. Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered fan.				
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	Regular inspection and maintenance of equipment and machines. Ensure that the task is not carried out overhead. The work place and work methods shall be organized in such a way that direct contact with the product is prevented or minimized.				
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. In case of odour, gas alarm or insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory protection				

Risk management measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

Workers

PROC11: EASE v2.0

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Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC11		Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	0.0017mg/m³	0.0011

Qualitative assessment dermal. Contact is only accidental. Exposure is considered negligible.

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

Ensure that gas alarms are installed

Change gloves, if duration of activity exceeds breakthrough time

Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites		
Sectors of end-use	SU23: Electricity, steam, gas water supply and sewage treatment		
	PC20: Products such as pH-regulators, flocculants, precipitants, neutralization		
Chemical product category	agents PC37: Water treatment chemicals		
Process categories	PROC1: Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Manufacture or formulation in the chemical industry in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment condition PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/ or significant contact) PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)		
Environmental Release Categories	ERC6b: Industrial use of reactive processing aids		
2.1 Contributing scenario co	ntrolling environmental	exposure for: ERC6b	
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.	
Amount used	Amounts used in the EU (tonnes/year)	999.999 ton(s)/year	
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year	
	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18,000 m3/d	
Environment factors not	Dilution Factor (River)	10	
nfluenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100	
Technical conditions and	Air	Substance release to air can be excluded	
measures at process level to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and	Water	Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater., Do not release wastewater directly into environment., Onsite wastewater treatment required, No discharge of substance into waste water	
releases to soil Organizational measures to	Soil	Substance release to soil can be excluded	
prevent/limit release from the site	T 1 O		
Conditions and measures related	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant	
to sewage treatment plant	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2,000 m3/d	
Conditions and measures related o external treatment of waste for disposal	Waste treatment	External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.	

PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8	Bb, PROC9	
	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	Liquid, moderate fugacity
	Vapour pressure	25 hPa
	Process Temperature	90 °C
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	8 h
	Frequency of use	5 days/week
	Body weight	70 kg
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Respiration volume under conditions of use	10 m3/day
	Light activity	
Other creational conditions	Indoor use	
Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure	Assumes activities are at ambient temperature., Outdoor location is covered by the worst case inside location	
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour). Drain down system prior to equipment opening or maintenance.	
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	Ensure that no inhalable aerosols are generated Regular inspection and maintenance of equipment and machines. Ensure that the task is not carried out overhead. Ensure containment of the emission source	
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. In case of odour, gas alarm or insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory protection In the case of hazardous fumes, wear self contained breathing apparatus.	

Risk management measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

Workers

PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9: Advanced REACH Tool (ART model)

0.01
0.71
0.77
0.81
0.59
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The short-term exposure is covered by the assessment of long-term exposure. Qualitative assessment dermal. Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

Ensure that gas alarms are installed

Change gloves, if duration of activity exceeds breakthrough time

These measures involve good personal and housekeeping practices (i.e. regular cleaning), no eating and smoking at the workplace, wearing of standard working clothes and shoes.

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 6: Use in paper industry			
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites		
Sectors of end-use	SU6b: Manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products		
Chemical product category	PC26: Paper and board dye, finishing and impregnation products: including bleaches and other processing aids		
Process categories	PROC1: Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Manufacture or formulation in the chemical industry in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment condition PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/ or significant contact) PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)		
Environmental Release Categories	ERC6b: Industrial use of reactive processing aids		

2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC6b

Substance is a unique structure, Non-hydrophobic.

, Low potential to bioaccumulate.

Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.	
Amount used	Amounts used in the EU (tonnes/year)	999.999 ton(s)/year	
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year	
F	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18,000 m3/d	
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River)	10	
minucined by not management	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100	
Technical conditions and	Air	Substance release to air can be excluded	
measures at process level to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil	Water	Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater., Do not release wastewater directly into environment., Onsite wastewater treatment required, No discharge of substance into waste water	
Organizational measures to	Soil	Substance release to soil can be excluded	
prevent/limit release from the site			
Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant	
	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2,000 m3/d	
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for	Waste treatment	External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national	
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disposal regulations.

2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC8b, PROC9

PROC5, PROC68, PROC69			
	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.	
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	Liquid, moderate fugacity	
	Vapour pressure	25 hPa	
	Process Temperature	90 °C	
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	8 h	
	Frequency of use	5 days/week	
	Body weight	70 kg	
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Respiration volume under conditions of use	10 m3/day	
	Light activity		
Other energianal conditions	Indoor use		
Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure	Assumes activities are at ambient temperature., Outdoor location is covered by the worst case inside location		
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour). Drain down system prior to equipment opening or maintenance.		
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	Ensure that no inhalable aerosols are generated Regular inspection and maintenance of equipment and machines. Ensure that the task is not carried out overhead. Ensure containment of the emission source		
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. In case of odour, gas alarm or insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory protection In the case of hazardous fumes, wear self contained breathing apparatus.		

Risk management measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

Workers

PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9: Advanced REACH Tool (ART model)

1 11001, 1 11000, 1 1				
Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1		Worker - inhalative, long- term - local	0.02mg/m³	0.01
PROC2, PROC3		Worker - inhalative, long- term - local	1.10mg/m³	0.71
PROC4		Worker - inhalative, long- term - local	1.20mg/m³	0.77
PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b		Worker - inhalative, long- term - local	1.25mg/m³	0.81
PROC9		Worker - inhalative, long-	0.91mg/m³	0.59
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SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE 10 - 15 %
term - local
The short-term exposure is covered by the assessment of long-term exposure. Qualitative assessment dermal. Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.
4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment
Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented. Ensure that gas alarms are installed Change gloves, if duration of activity exceeds breakthrough time These measures involve good personal and housekeeping practices (i.e. regular cleaning), no eating and smoking the workplace, wearing of standard working clothes and shoes.
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1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 7: Use as an intermediate		
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites	
Sectors of end-use	SU8: Manufacture of bulk, large scale chemicals (including petroleum products) SU9: Manufacture of fine chemicals	
Chemical product category	PC19: Intermediate	
Process categories	PROC1: Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Manufacture or formulation in the chemical industry in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment condition PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)	
Environmental Release Categories	ERC6a: Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates)	

2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC6a

Substance is a unique structure, Non-hydrophobic. , Low potential to bioaccumulate.

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Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.
Amount used	Amounts used in the EU (tonnes/year)	999.999 ton(s)/year
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year
E :	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18,000 m3/d
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River)	10
mindeneed by not management	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100
Technical conditions and	Air	Substance release to air can be excluded
measures at process level to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil	Water	Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater., Do not release wastewater directly into environment., Onsite wastewater treatment required, No discharge of substance into waste water
Organizational measures to	Soil	Substance release to soil can be excluded
prevent/limit release from the site		
Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant
	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2,000 m3/d
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	Waste treatment	External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.
2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4,		

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PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9			
	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.	
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	Liquid, moderate fugacity	
	Vapour pressure	25 hPa	
	Process Temperature	90 °C	
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	8 h	
	Frequency of use	5 days/week	
	Body weight	70 kg	
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Respiration volume under conditions of use	10 m3/day	
	Light activity		
Other energianal conditions	Indoor use		
Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure	Assumes activities are at ambient temperature., Outdoor location is covered by the worst case inside location		
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour). Drain down system prior to equipment opening or maintenance.		
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	Ensure that no inhalable aerosols are generated Regular inspection and maintenance of equipment and machines. Ensure that the task is not carried out overhead. Ensure containment of the emission source		
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. In case of odour, gas alarm or insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory protection In the case of hazardous fumes, wear self contained breathing apparatus.		

Risk management measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

Workers

PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9: Advanced REACH Tool (ART model)

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1		Worker - inhalative, long- term - local	0.02mg/m³	0.01
PROC2, PROC3		Worker - inhalative, long- term - local	1.10mg/m³	0.71
PROC4		Worker - inhalative, long- term - local	1.20mg/m³	0.77
PROC8a, PROC8b		Worker - inhalative, long- term - local	1.25mg/m³	0.81
PROC9		Worker - inhalative, long- term - local	0.91mg/m³	0.59

The short-term exposure is covered by the assessment of long-term exposure. Qualitative assessment dermal. Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE 10 - 15 %
4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario
Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment
Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented. Ensure that gas alarms are installed Change gloves, if duration of activity exceeds breakthrough time

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 8: Use in textile industry			
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites		
Sectors of end-use	SU5: Manufacture of textiles, leather, fur		
Chemical product category	PC34: Textile dyes, finishing and impregnating products; including bleaches and other processing aids		
Process categories	PROC1: Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Manufacture or formulation in the chemical industry in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment condition PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/ or significant contact) PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC13: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring		
Environmental Release Categories	ERC6b: Industrial use of reactive processing aids		

2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC6b

Substance is a unique structure, Non-hydrophobic.

, Low potential to bioaccumulate.

Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.
Amount used	Amounts used in the EU (tonnes/year)	999.999 ton(s)/year
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year
F	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18,000 m3/d
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River)	10
mindended by fisk management	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100
Technical conditions and	Air	Substance release to air can be excluded
measures at process level to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil	Water	Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater., Do not release wastewater directly into environment., Onsite wastewater treatment required, No discharge of substance into waste water
Organizational measures to	Soil	Substance release to soil can be excluded
prevent/limit release from the site		
Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant
	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2,000 m3/d
Conditions and measures related	Waste treatment	External treatment and disposal of waste should
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to external treatment of waste for	comply with applicable local and/or national
disposal	regulations.

2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC13

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	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.	
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	Liquid, moderate fugacity	
	Vapour pressure	25 hPa	
	Process Temperature	90 °C	
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	8 h	
	Frequency of use	5 days/week	
	Body weight	70 kg	
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Respiration volume under conditions of use	10 m3/day	
	Light activity		
Other operational conditions	Indoor use		
affecting workers exposure	Assumes activities are at ambient temperature., Outdoor location is covered by the worst case inside location		
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour). Drain down system prior to equipment opening or maintenance.		
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	Ensure that no inhalable aerosols are generated Regular inspection and maintenance of equipment and machines. Ensure that the task is not carried out overhead. Ensure containment of the emission source		
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. In case of odour, gas alarm or insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory protection In the case of hazardous fumes, wear self contained breathing apparatus.		

Risk management measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

Workers

PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC13: Advanced REACH Tool (ART model)

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1		Worker - inhalative, long- term - local	0.02mg/m³	0.01
PROC2, PROC3		Worker - inhalative, long- term - local	1.10mg/m³	0.71
PROC4		Worker - inhalative, long- term - local	1.20mg/m³	0.77
PROC5, PROC8a,		Worker - inhalative, long- term - local	1.25mg/m³	0.81

PROC8b			
PROC9	 Worker - inhalative, long- term - local	0.91mg/m³	0.59
PROC13	 Worker - inhalative, long- term - local	0.70mg/m³	0.45

The short-term exposure is covered by the assessment of long-term exposure. Qualitative assessment dermal. Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented. Ensure that gas alarms are installed

Change gloves, if duration of activity exceeds breakthrough time

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 9: Industrial use				
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites			
Sectors of end-use	SU4: Manufacture of food products SU5: Manufacture of textiles, leather, fur SU6a: Manufacture of wood and wood products SU6b: Manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products SU8: Manufacture of bulk, large scale chemicals (including petroleum products) SU9: Manufacture of fine chemicals SU 10: Formulation [mixing] of preparations and/ or re-packaging (excluding alloys) SU11: Manufacture of rubber products			
Process categories	PROC1: Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Manufacture or formulation in the chemical industry in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment condition PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/ or significant contact) PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC13: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring PROC14: Production of preparations or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelletisation			
Environmental Release Categories	ERC6a: Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates) ERC6b: Industrial use of reactive processing aids ERC6d: Industrial use of process regulators for polymerisation processes in production of resins, rubbers, polymers			
Activity	Note: this Exposure Scenario is only relevant for an appropriated use according to the quality grade of the substance delivered			
2.1 Contributing scenario c	ontrolling environmental exposure for: FRC6a_FRC6b_FRC6d			

2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC6a, ERC6b, ERC6d

Substance is a unique structure, Non-hydrophobic.

, Low potential to bioaccumulate.

Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product : 0% - 15%
Amounts used in the EU (tonnes/year)	999999 ton(s)/year
Continuous exposure	360 days/year
Flow rate of receiving surface water	18,000 m3/d
Dilution Factor (River)	10
Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100
Air	Substance release to air can be excluded
	Substance in Mixture/Article Amounts used in the EU (tonnes/year) Continuous exposure Flow rate of receiving surface water Dilution Factor (River) Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE 10 - 15 %				
prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil	Water	Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater., Do not release wastewater directly into environment., Onsite wastewater treatment required, No discharge of substance into waste water		
Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site	Soil	Substance release to soil can be excluded		
Conditions and measures related	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant		
to sewage treatment plant	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2,000 m3/d		
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	Waste treatment	External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.		
2.2 Contributing scenario co PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8		re for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, OC14		
	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product : 0% - 15%		
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	Liquid, moderate fugacity		
	Vapour pressure	25 hPa		
	Process Temperature	90 °C		
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	8 h		
	Frequency of use	5 days/week		
Other operational conditions	Indoor or outdoor use			
affecting workers exposure	Assumes activities are at a			
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour). Drain down system prior to equipment opening or maintenance.			
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	Ensure that no inhalable aerosols are generated Regular inspection and maintenance of equipment and machines. Ensure that the task is not carried out overhead. Ensure containment of the emission source			
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. In case of odour, gas alarm or insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory protection In the case of hazardous fumes, wear self contained breathing apparatus.			
Risk management measures are b				
2.3 Contributing scenario co	ntrolling worker exposu	re for: PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9		
	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product : 0% - 5%		
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	Liquid, moderate fugacity		
	Vapour pressure	25 hPa		
	Process Temperature	90 °C		
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	8 h		
	Frequency of use	5 days/week		
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Exposed skin area Two hands 820 cm ²			

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Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure	Indoor or outdoor use
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour). Drain down system prior to equipment opening or maintenance.
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	Ensure that no inhalable aerosols are generated
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	In case of odour, gas alarm or insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory protection In the case of hazardous fumes, wear self contained breathing apparatus. Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. Wear chemically resistant gloves. (Efficiency: 90 %)

Risk management measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

Workers

Relevant for all PROCs: EU RAR

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
Relevant for all PROCs		Worker - inhalative, long-term - local and systemic.	0.705mg/m³	0.4548

Qualitative assessment dermal. Contact is only accidental. The exposure estimate represents the 90th percentile of the exposure distribution.

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Exposure values based on the EU Risk Assessment Report on chlorine (2007)

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

Ensure that gas alarms are installed

Change gloves, if duration of activity exceeds breakthrough time

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 10: Consumer use		
Main User Groups	SU 21: Consumer uses: Private households (= general public = consumers)	
Chemical product category	PC34: Textile dyes, finishing and impregnating products; including bleaches and other processing aids PC35: Washing and cleaning products PC37: Water treatment chemicals	
Environmental Release Categories	ERC8a: Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems ERC8b: Wide dispersive indoor use of reactive substances in open systems ERC8d: Wide dispersive outdoor use of processing aids in open systems ERC8e: Wide dispersive outdoor use of reactive substances in open systems	

2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC8a, ERC8b, ERC8d, ERC8e

Substance is a unique structure, Non-hydrophobic.

, Low potential to bioaccumulate.

Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product : 0% - 10%
Amount used	Amounts used in the EU (tonnes/year)	999999 ton(s)/year
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year
5	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18,000 m3/d
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Dilution Factor (River)	10
Time one of the control of the contr	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100
Technical conditions and measures at process level to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil	Air	Substance release to air can be excluded
	Water	Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater., Do not release wastewater directly into environment., Onsite wastewater treatment required, No discharge of substance into waste water
Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site		
Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant
	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2,000 m3/d
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	Waste treatment	External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

2.2 Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for: PC35: Cleaners, trigger sprays (all purpose cleaners, sanitary products, glass cleaners)

	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 0% - 3%
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	Liquid, moderate fugacity
	Vapour pressure	25 hPa
Amount used	Amount used per event	0.005 kg
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration	7.5 min
	Frequency of use	4 Times per day
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SODIUM HYPOCHLO	PRITE 10 - 15 %				
Other given operational	Indoor use				
conditions affecting consumers	Room size	4 m3			
exposure	Ventilation rate per hour	0.5			
2.3 Contributing scenario co	ntrolling consumer expo	osure for: PC35			
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 0% - 0,5%			
	Physical Form (at time of use)	Liquid, moderate fugacity			
	Vapour pressure	25 hPa			
Frequency and duration of use	Frequency of use	1 Times per day			
Human factors not influenced by	Exposed skin area	Palm of one Hand 420 cm ²			
risk management					
Other given operational conditions affecting consumers exposure	Indoor use	4 m2			
	Room size	4 m3			
Conditions and measures related	Ventilation rate per hour	0.5			
to protection of consumer (e.g. behavioural advice, personal protection and hygiene)	Consumer Measures	Wear impervious chemical resistant protective gloves.			
2.4 Contributing scenario co	ntrolling consumer expo	osure for: PC34			
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 0% - 0.05%			
	Physical Form (at time of use)	Liquid, moderate fugacity			
	Vapour pressure	25 hPa			
Frequency and duration of use	Frequency of use	2 days/week			
Human factors not influenced by	Exposed skin area	Two hands 820 cm ²			
risk management					
Other given operational	Indoor use	T			
conditions affecting consumers exposure	Room size	4 m3			
•	Ventilation rate per hour	0.5			
Conditions and measures related to protection of consumer (e.g. behavioural advice, personal protection and hygiene)	Consumer Measures	Wear impervious chemical resistant protective gloves.			
2.5 Contributing scenario co	ntrolling consumer expo	osure for: PC37			
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 0% - 0,1%			
	Physical Form (at time of use)	Liquid, moderate fugacity			
	Vapour pressure 25 hPa				
Amount used		2000 mL			
Frequency and duration of use	Frequency of use	1 Times per day			
3. Exposure estimation and	. ,				
Environment					
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Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

Consumers

PC34, PC35: EU RAR

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PC34	Laundry bleaching/pre- treatment	Consumer - inhalative, long-term - systemic	1.68µg/m³	0.000108
PC35	Hard surface cleaning	Consumer - inhalative, long-term - systemic	1.68µg/m³	0.000108
PC34	Laundry bleaching/pre- treatment	Consumer - dermal, short-term - local	0.035mg/kg bw/day	< 1
PC35	Hard surface cleaning	Consumer - dermal, short-term - local	0.002mg/kg bw/day	< 1
	Drinking water, adult	Consumer oral, acute	0.0003mg/kg bw/day	
	Drinking water, adult	Consumer oral, long-term	0.003mg/kg bw/day	0.011
	Drinking water, children	Consumer oral, acute	0.0007mg/kg bw/day	
	Drinking water, children	Consumer oral, long-term	0.0033mg/kg bw/day	0.011

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Only properly trained persons shall make use of scaling methods while checking whether the OC and RMM are within the boundaries set by the ES